RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN OPTIMISM AND SELF REGULATION OF HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS

Name of the student: Mohammed Haneefa KP

Name of the supervising teacher: Dr. Hassan Koya.M.P

Year of the study: 2015

OBJECTIVE

> To find out the relationship between optimism and self-regulation of higher secondary school students.

> To find out whether there exists any significant difference in optimism and self-regulation of higher secondary school students in the sub samples based on gender, locale and type of management of institution.

METHODOLOGY

Method used: Survey method

Sample: 600 Higher Secondary School Students

Tool: Optimism Scale, Self-regulation Scale

Statistical technique used Test of significances of difference between Mean, Pearson's Product Moment Coefficient of Correlation, One-way ANOVA

RESULT:

There is a significant positive and moderate relationship between optimism and self-regulation of higher secondary school students. The optimism and self-regulation of higher secondary school students do not differ significantly irrespective of gender, locale and type of management of institution

KEY TERMS: Optimism, Self-regulation

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